Financial Statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards and Internal Control over Compliance and Independent Auditor's Reports

June 30, 2024 and 2023



# <u>Index</u>

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	2
Financial Statements	
Statements of Financial Position	5
Statements of Activities	6
Statements of Functional Expenses	7
Statements of Cash Flows	9
Notes to Financial Statements	10
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	25
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	26
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	27
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	29
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	32



# Independent Auditor's Report

To the Audit Committee Neighborhood House Association

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Neighborhood House Association ("NHA"), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2024 **and 2023**, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of NHA as of June 30, 2024 **and 2023**, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of NHA and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

# Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about NHA's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.



### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of NHA's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about NHA's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audits.

#### Report on Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.



#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report November 14, 2024, on our consideration of NHA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to solely describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of NHA's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering NHA's internal control over financial control over financial reporting and compliance.

CohnReznickLLP

San Diego, California November 14, 2024

# Statements of Financial Position June 30, 2024 and 2023

#### <u>Assets</u>

	2024	2023
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$      6,328,560 270,130	\$     6,036,607 115,885
Investments (Note 15) Grants and contracts receivable (Note 3) Other accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	590,657 9,173,343 549,294 700,193	496,611 12,405,563 651,375 485,797
Total current assets	17,612,177	20,191,838
Property and equipment (Note 4) Property and equipment Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	25,369,768 (17,726,085)	25,504,293 (18,361,241)
Total property and equipment, net	7,643,683	7,143,052
Deposits Operating lease right-of-use asset (Note 8) Finance lease right-of-use asset (Note 8)	36,486 5,124,440 403,375	36,486 4,735,550 277,225
Total assets	\$ 30,820,161	\$ 32,384,151
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current liabilities Accrued payroll and related liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deferred revenue (Note 10) Accrued annual leave (Note 5) Current portion of long-term debt (Note 6) Current portion of operating lease liability (Note 8) Current portion of finance lease liability (Note 8)	<pre>\$ 2,123,488 5,015,082 5,400,990 4,577,116 34,899 1,018,466 107,612</pre>	<ul> <li>\$ 2,436,938</li> <li>9,488,124</li> <li>3,548,932</li> <li>4,381,013</li> <li>33,533</li> <li>909,312</li> <li>63,695</li> </ul>
Total current liabilities	18,277,653	20,861,547
Long-term debt, net (Note 6) Long-term operating lease liability, net (Note 8) Long-term finance lease liability, net (Note 8)	268,930 4,441,904 279,198	303,828 4,048,350 213,530
Total liabilities	23,267,685	25,427,255
Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)		
Net assets Without donor restrictions With donor restrictions (Note 7)	7,282,346 270,130	6,841,011 115,885
Total net assets	7,552,476	6,956,896
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 30,820,161	\$ 32,384,151

# Statements of Activities Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
Change in net assets without donor restrictions Revenues and support		
Grants and contracts (Note 10)	\$ 123,026,132	\$ 114,141,949
Food reimbursements	1,190,927	1,078,758
Reimbursements from partners	1,042,793	1,022,337
Contributions and donations	928,965	344,820
Service fees	135,465	563,522
Investment return and interest income	153,612	25,128
Other revenues	2,668,019	3,232,347
Net assets released from restrictions	168,121	55,225
Total revenues and support without donor restrictions	129,314,034	120,464,086
Expenses		
Program services	119,768,188	110,939,293
Supporting services	,,	,,
Fundraising	61,602	50,390
Management and general	9,042,909	7,957,155
Total expenses	128,872,699	118,946,838
Change in net assets without donor restrictions	441,335	1,517,248
Change in net assets with donor restrictions		
Contributions	322,366	56,334
Net assets released from restrictions	(168,121)	(55,225)
Change in net assets with donor restrictions	154,245	1,109
Change in net assets	595,580	1,518,357
Net assets, beginning	6,956,896	5,438,539
Net assets, end	\$ 7,552,476	\$ 6,956,896

# Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended June 30, 2024

Program services					Supportin	g services	
	Childcare	Health and nutrition	Youth and			Management	
	programs	programs	other services	Total	Fundraising	and general	Total expenses
Salaries	\$ 37,357,405	\$ 5,064,034	\$ 784,755	\$ 43,206,194	\$-	\$ 5,097,946	\$ 48,304,140
Fringe benefits	9,329,710	987,336	217,784	10,534,830	-	1,127,134	11,661,964
Contracted services	3,067,062	651,562	280,799	3,999,423	4,490	625,391	4,629,304
Supplies	3,211,749	134,420	117,272	3,463,441	19,011	22,575	3,505,027
Telephone and communications	515,136	137,936	18,830	671,902	-	54,847	726,749
Postage	6,016	1,437	1,107	8,560	160	8,120	16,840
Occupancy and storage	6,811,861	804,672	26,659	7,643,192	-	162,768	7,805,960
Utilities	414,234	6,248	14,626	435,108	-	60,121	495,229
Printing, publications and advertising	154,240	132,236	4,461	290,937	-	12,382	303,319
Travel and meetings	1,174,906	175,190	97,161	1,447,257	890	286,605	1,734,752
Subcontracts (Note 16)	40,846,406	-	-	40,846,406	-	-	40,846,406
Food expense	2,446,804	48,703	92,538	2,588,045	1,633	17,693	2,607,371
Client assistance	141,893	557,184	71,575	770,652	34,711	(29,686)	775,677
Equipment expense	2,218,906	174,476	25,145	2,418,527	16	134,970	2,553,513
Depreciation and amortization	787,796	-	-	787,796	-	392,031	1,179,827
Insurance	456,246	48,250	3,142	507,638	-	209,091	716,729
Interest and fees	13,151	21,091	12,851	47,093	691	37,100	84,884
Other expenses	569,394	73,339	(541,546)	101,187		823,821	925,008
Total expenses by function	\$ 109,522,915	\$ 9,018,114	\$ 1,227,159	\$ 119,768,188	\$ 61,602	\$ 9,042,909	\$ 128,872,699

# Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Program services					ig services	
	Childcare programs	Health and nutrition programs	Youth and other services	Total	Fundraising	Management and general	Total expenses
Salaries	\$ 31,678,424	\$ 3,759,485	\$ 552,579	\$ 35,990,488	\$ -	\$ 4,713,169	\$ 40,703,657
Fringe benefits	8,680,378	776,188		9,578,943	-	1,076,376	10,655,319
Contracted services	2,413,739	216,926		2,782,061	7,245	970,590	3,759,896
Supplies	3,863,039	181,364	,	4,101,340	11,208	45,504	4,158,052
Telephone and communications	569,609	113,457		688,314	-	60,716	749,030
Postage	6,647	1,178		8,994	99	7,834	16,927
Occupancy and storage	3,724,881	679,343		4,495,380	-	26,182	4,521,562
Utilities	443,865	10,802		463,582	-	54,599	518,181
Printing, publications and advertising	39,529	69,655		110,683	6,065	19,495	136,243
Travel and meetings	997,070	132,733		1,194,781	490	251,896	1,447,167
Subcontracts (Note 16)	41,932,202	-	-	41,932,202	-	-	41,932,202
Food expense	2,210,745	61,353	52,295	2,324,393	4,309	7,093	2,335,795
Client assistance	95,768	357,511		510,472	-	6,760	517,232
Equipment expense	4,255,409	514,858	16,034	4,786,301	-	58,376	4,844,677
Depreciation and amortization	495,673	-	-	495,673	-	331,817	827,490
Insurance	448,319	40,819	11,458	500,596	-	199,023	699,619
Interest and fees	64,771	19,144	23,593	107,508	752	24,365	132,625
Other expenses	790,040	32,010		867,582	20,222	103,360	991,164
Total expenses by function	\$ 102,710,108	\$ 6,966,826	\$ 1,262,359	\$ 110,939,293	\$ 50,390	\$ 7,957,155	\$ 118,946,838

# Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024			2023
Cash flows from operating activities				
Change in net assets	\$	595,580	\$	1,518,357
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash	Ψ	000,000	Ψ	1,010,001
and restricted cash provided by operating activities				
Depreciation and amortization		1,179,827		827,490
Amortization of operating ROU asset		2,217,731		2,596,529
Amortization of finance ROU asset		12,672		133,819
Gain on sale of land		-		(1,023,415)
Unrealized and realized investment loss (income)		(94,046)		(93,221)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Grants and contracts receivable		3,232,220		(5,956,401)
Other accounts receivable		102,081		88,106
Prepaid expenses and deposits		(214,396)		(134,415)
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		(313,450)		1,178,804
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(4,473,042)		4,516,439
Deferred revenue		1,852,058		458,519
Accrued annual leave		196,103		499,603
Operating lease liability		(2,103,913)		(2,374,417)
Deferred rent		-		(183,204)
Net cash and restricted cash provided by operating activities		2,189,425		2,052,593
		2,100,120		2,002,000
Cash flows from investing activities				
Proceeds from sale of land		-		1,028,168
Purchases of property and equipment		(1,680,458)		(1,470,603)
		(4,000,450)		
Net cash and restricted cash used in investing activities		(1,680,458)		(442,435)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Repayments on debt		(33,532)		(1,631,281)
Principal payments on finance leases		(29,237)		(133,819)
		(00,700)		(4 705 400)
Net cash and restricted cash used in financing activities		(62,769)		(1,765,100)
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents				
and restricted cash		446,198		(154,942)
		,		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning		6,152,492		6,307,434
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end	¢	6 508 600	¢	6 152 102
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end	\$	6,598,690	\$	6,152,492
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow data				
Cash paid for interest	\$	11,982	\$	65,750
Cash paid for interest on finance leases	T	-	,	12,851
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease liabilities				,
Operating		2,606,621		7,332,079
Finance		138,822		411,044
		,		,

# Note 1 - Organization and significant accounting policies

# General

Neighborhood House Association ("NHA" or the "Organization") is a California nonprofit corporation organized to provide an extensive network of services to residents of San Diego County.

NHA provides comprehensive health and human services through programs that include child development, family day care, senior nutrition, adult day health care, mental health services, housing and rental assistance and other related services that assist low-income and less fortunate families.

#### **Basis of accounting**

The Organization's financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Financial statements presentation

The Organization reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: Without donor restrictions and with donor restrictions. They are described as follows:

*Net assets without donor restrictions* - Net assets for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions. The governing board may designate, from net assets without donor restrictions, net assets for an operating reserve through a board-designated endowment. No such endowments existed as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

*Net assets with donor restrictions* - Net assets subject to donor (or certain grantor) imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time, purpose or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

#### **Revenue and support**

Revenue from government grants and contracts designated for use in specific activities is recognized in the period when allowable, qualified expenditures have been incurred in compliance with the donor's or grantor's conditions. Food reimbursements represent government grants for the Child and Adult Care Food Program. Reimbursements from partners represent Head Start unsubsidized food reimbursements for the Child Care Food Program. Program fees and payments under cost-reimbursable contracts received in advance are deferred to the applicable period in which the related services are performed or expenditures are incurred, respectively. Grants and contracts awarded for the acquisition of long-lived assets are reported as operating revenue without donor restrictions, in the absence of donor stipulations to the contrary, during the fiscal year in which the assets are acquired. Cash received in excess of revenue recognized is recorded as refundable advances. The beginning balance of deferred revenue and refundable advances as of July 1, 2022 was \$3,090,413 and \$0, respectively.

Other revenues primarily consist of food reimbursements for childcare programs from other agencies at the Organization's Central Kitchen location and hosting trainings for other nonprofit organizations. The Organization recognizes fees for the trainings at the time the trainings occur.

The Organization recognizes food reimbursements at the time the food is provided for the childcare programs.

Contributions and support, including unconditional promises to give, are considered to be available without restriction unless specifically restricted by the donor and are recognized as revenues in the period in which NHA receives the unconditional promise to give. Conditional promises to give, that is, those with a measurable performance or other barrier, and a right of return, are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been substantially met. Support that is restricted by the donor is reported as an increase in net assets without donor restrictions if the restriction expires in the reporting period in which the support is recognized. All other donor-restricted support is reported as an increase in net assets with donor restrictions depending on the nature of the restriction. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions.

# Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable primarily consists of grants receivable, contract receivables and other accounts receivables. Grants and contracts receivables consist of amounts billed and unbilled from government and state agencies. Other accounts receivables are stated at unpaid balances, less an allowance for expected credit losses. NHA provides for losses on accounts receivable by calculating an allowance for expected credit losses. The allowance is based on experience, third-party contracts and other circumstances. Receivables are considered impaired if full principal payments are not received in accordance with the contractual terms. It is NHA's policy to charge off uncollectible accounts receivable when management determines the receivable will not be collected. There were no allowances for expected credit losses or write-offs recorded as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. The beginning balance of grants and contracts receivables and other accounts receivable as of July 1, 2022 was \$6,449,162 and \$739,481, respectively.

#### Donated goods and services

The Organization receives in-kind contributions of ophthalmology services and related use of supplies and equipment. Donated services are recognized as contributions if the services (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) require specialized skills, are performed by people with those skills, and would otherwise be purchased by the Organization. The Organization recognizes in-kind contribution revenue and a corresponding expense in an amount approximating the estimated fair value at the time of the donation.

All donated services were utilized by the Organization's programs and supporting services. There were no donor-imposed restrictions associated with the donated services and assets. Donated services are valued at the difference between the Medical Rate charged and the Market Rate for the services provided.

During 2024 and 2023, no contributed services were received.

In addition, a substantial number of volunteers donated their time to NHA's program services during each year; however, the value of these donated services is not reflected in the financial statements, as the requirements for recognition have not been met.

# Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash

We consider all cash and highly liquid financial instruments with original maturities of three months or less, which are neither held for nor restricted by donors for long-term purposes, to be cash and cash equivalents. Cash restricted for program-related expenses, or other long-term purposes are excluded from this definition.

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported within the statements of financial position to the sum of the corresponding amounts within the statements of cash flows:

	 2024	 2023
Cash and cash equivalents Cash restricted for program-related expenses	\$ 6,328,560 270,130	\$ 6,036,607 115,885
Total	\$ 6,598,690	\$ 6,152,492

#### Investments

NHA invests in marketable securities which are carried at fair value, with realized and unrealized gains and losses included in the statements of activities.

# Property and equipment

Property and equipment with an acquisition cost of \$5,000 or greater is capitalized at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over its estimated useful life. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the useful life or the lease term. Useful lives are as follows:

Description	Useful life
Buildings Building improvements Leasehold improvements Vehicles Furniture and equipment Computer equipment	15-30 years 3-10 years 3-15 years 5 years 3-5 years 3-5 years 3-5 years

# Impairment of long-lived assets

NHA reviews its long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. In performing a review for impairment, NHA compares the carrying value of the assets with their estimated future undiscounted cash flows. If it is determined that impairment has occurred, the loss would be recognized during that period. The impairment loss is calculated as the difference between the asset carrying values and the present value of estimated net cash flows or comparable market values, giving consideration to recent operating performance and pricing trends. NHA does not believe that any material impairment currently exists related to its long-lived assets.

#### Income taxes

NHA is a private, nonprofit agency organized under the laws of the State of California and is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and Section 23701(d) of the California Revenue and Taxation Code.

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, management of NHA believes it has adequate support for all material tax positions and that it is more likely than not, based on the technical merits, that the positions will be sustained upon examination. NHA recognizes interest and penalties, if any, related to tax in interest expense. NHA has analyzed the tax positions taken in its filings with the Internal Revenue Service and the California Franchise Tax Board. Accordingly, NHA

has not recorded any reserves, or related accruals for interest and penalties for uncertain income tax positions at June 30, 2024 and 2023.

NHA's federal and state information returns prior to fiscal years 2021 and 2020, respectively, are closed. Management continually evaluates expiring statutes of limitations, audits, proposed settlements, changes in tax laws and new authoritative rulings. Management is not aware of any pending reviews or examinations.

# Advertising

NHA expenses advertising costs as incurred. Advertising costs for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 were \$280,637 and \$125,177, respectively. These amounts are included in the printing, publications and advertising line item on the Statement of Functional Expenses.

# **Functional expenses**

Amounts for program services shown in the statement of functional expenses include expenses of the various programs and other activities. Management and general expenses are expenses of the Organization's administrative office. Accordingly, expenses are charged to program services, management and general, and fundraising based on a combination of specific identification and cost allocations by management. Costs are allocated to the various programs based on what is reasonable and necessary for the performance of the funding source, consistent with policies that are applied uniformly, determined in accordance with GAAP, and adequately documented. Some of the common considerations used for allocating activities include the number of children served, number of employees, number of meals prepared, square footage occupied, square-foot shared, etc. A personnel activity report is utilized when a specific measure is not appropriate. Costs incurred for a common objective that cannot be readily identified with a particular fund or program are allocated to the indirect cost pool.

# New accounting pronouncement adopted

In June 2016, the FASB issued accounting Standards Update No. 2016-13, *Financial Instruments-Credit Losses* ("ASC 326"), which significantly changed how entities will measure credit losses for most financial assets and certain other instruments that are not measured at fair value through net income. The most significant change in this standard is a shift from the incurred loss model to the current and expected loss model. Under the standard, disclosures are required to provide users of the financial statements with useful information in analyzing an entity's exposure to credit risk and the measurement of credit losses. Financial assets held by NHA that are subject to the guidance in ASC 326 were trade accounts receivable. NHA adopted the standard effective July 1, 2023. The impact of the adoption was not considered material to the financial statements and resulted in enhanced disclosures only.

# Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, and those differences could be significant.

# Note 2 - Liquidity and availability

The Organization funds its Head Start programmatic expenditures by utilizing the federal government's Payment Management System ("PMS") to advance amounts up to the limit of its awarded grant amount for that particular fiscal year. For the periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the total award amount was \$101,025,538 and \$98,445,952, respectively. The PMS allows NHA to periodically electronically draw down its authorized grant monies to accommodate Head Start program requirements for the particular grant year. Draws on grant monies are required to be exhausted before NHA is authorized to initiate further drawdowns to fund its program and/or delegate agency needs. Typical draws are made on average one to two times per week to fund payroll and recurring payables for NHA and its two delegate agencies and average approximately \$1,968,224. NHA cannot, by law, accumulate any reserve amounts with Head Start grant monies. NHA is currently in the second year of a five-year contract term with Head Start. Continued funding is anticipated through the full grant term, contingent upon the availability of federal funds.

For Non-Head Start programs and recurring Non-Head Start programs, day-to-day expenditures are financed by a combination of State of California and San Diego County Grants, periodic contributions, revenue from fundraising events, accounts receivables and cash without donor restrictions with a balance of \$1,441,798 as of June 30, 2024 and \$3,075,258 at June 30, 2023. Nonfederal grants and contracts receivable totaled \$4,926,811 as of June 30, 2024 and \$3,572,248 at June 30, 2023. NHA is also authorized to utilize a pool of short-term investments consisting of \$4,125,917 in FDIC insured deposits, which is included in cash and cash equivalents in the financial statements, to sustain payment of vacation accruals for agency employees. NHA's Board has also authorized management to provide without donor restrictions cash to fund the delegate agencies for a number of San Diego County programs while the county processes NHA's reimbursable claims. The without donor restrictions cash pool also funds a variety of NHA fundraising efforts, including an annual Golf Gathering and an annual "Virtual Gala" reception. Cash pool without donor restrictions is available to support certain payroll expenditures that are not allowed to be expensed under federal programs, as well as certain advocacy consulting activity that is not considered reimbursable under federal or county guidelines.

Financial assets available for general expenditure, which are without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the statement of financial position date, comprise the following:

	2024			2023
Cash and cash equivalents Investments (Note 15) Grants and contracts receivable (Note 3) Other accounts receivable, less allowance	\$	6,328,560 590,657 9,173,343	\$	6,036,607 496,611 12,405,563
for doubtful accounts		549,294		651,375
Current assets, excluding nonfinancial assets	\$	16,641,854	\$	19,590,156

# Note 3 - Grants and contracts receivable

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, grants and contracts receivable consist of the following:

	 2024	2023	
Head Start State programs County programs Food reimbursements	\$ 4,246,532 1,963,046 2,571,464 392,301	\$	8,833,315 1,003,268 2,335,339 233,641
Total	\$ 9,173,343	\$	12,405,563

# Note 4 - Property and equipment

Property and equipment as of June 30, 2024 consist of the following:

	Cost			Accumulated depreciation and amortization		t book value
Land	\$	1,210,254	\$	-	\$	1,210,254
Building		4,871,603		4,016,757		854,846
Building improvements		609,809		609,809		-
Leasehold improvements		9,633,692		6,950,396		2,683,296
Vehicles		4,401,920		2,512,516		1,889,404
Furniture and equipment		4,352,342		3,368,691		983,651
Computer equipment		290,148		267,916		22,232
	\$	25,369,768	\$	17,726,085	\$	7,643,683

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$1,179,827.

Property and equipment as of June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

	 Cost	c	Accumulated depreciation d amortization	Ne	t book value
Land	\$ 1,210,254	\$	-	\$	1,210,254
Building	4,871,603		3,858,490		1,013,113
Building improvements	609,809		609,809		-
Leasehold improvements	10,650,531		7,647,701		3,002,830
Vehicles	3,136,542		2,133,228		1,003,314
Furniture and equipment	4,697,531		3,806,222		891,309
Computer equipment	328,023		305,791		22,232
	\$ 25,504,293	\$	18,361,241	\$	7,143,052

Depreciation expenses for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$827,490.

A significant portion of NHA's property and equipment is identified as collateral for certain long-term debt as described in Note 6.

Property and equipment acquired by NHA with funds from award programs is considered to be owned by NHA while used in the program for which it was purchased and in other authorized programs. However, funding sources have reversionary interest in the property and in its disposition (i.e., the asset is returned to the federal government upon disposal or if no longer in-use), as well as the ownership of any proceeds which are subject to pertinent regulations. The net book value of reversionary assets as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$5,055,623 and \$4,554,994, respectively, and is included in property and equipment.

# Note 5 - Accrued annual leave

Accrued annual leave is presented as a liability in the statements of financial position. NHA records the accrued leave as it is earned by the employees. These amounts have been funded with cash covered by FDIC insurance included as cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023 accrued annual leave was \$4,577,116 and \$4,381,013, respectively.

# Note 6 - Long-term debt

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	 2024	2023		
Note payable to Alliance Healthcare Foundation in monthly installments of principal and interest, with a fixed interest rate of 4%. The loan commenced on January 10, 2017 and matures on December 15, 2031. Repayments of the loan commence on January 1, 2020. The note is secured by real property located at 851 South 35th Street, San Diego, California.	 303,829		337,361	
Less current portion	 303,829 (34,899)		337,361 (33,533)	
Long-term portion	\$ 268,930	\$	303,828	

Maturities of long-term debt in each of the five years subsequent to June 30, 2024 and thereafter are calculated as follows:

2025	\$ 34,899
2026	36,321
2027	37,800
2028	39,340
2029	40,943
Thereafter	 114,526
Total	\$ 303,829

The note payable to Alliance Healthcare Foundation requires a minimum Debt Service Ratio to be maintained. For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Organization was in compliance with this covenant.

# Note 7 - Net assets with donor restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions are restricted for the following purposes at June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	 2024	2023		
Homework Center	\$ 36,008	\$	89,851	
College academy	20,000		10,000	
Head Start lets move	-		6,013	
Summer internship	204,100		-	
Black Youth Initiative	10,022		10,021	
Total	\$ 270,130	\$	115,885	

Net assets released from donor restrictions at June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024			2023		
Head Start lets move Summer internship College Academy Homework Centre Black Youth Initiative	\$	(77,364) (26,915) (10,000) (53,842) -	\$	(2,679) (52,545) - - (1)		
Total	\$	(168,121)	\$	(55,225)		

#### Note 8 - Leases

NHA occupies numerous facilities under operating lease agreements that expire at various dates through June 2029.

At lease commencement, the Organization recognizes a lease liability, which is measured at the present value of future lease payments, and a corresponding right-of-use asset equal to the lease liability, adjusted for prepaid lease costs, initial direct costs and lease incentives. The Organization has elected and applies the practical expedient available to lessees to combine nonlease components with their related lease components and account for them as a single combined lease component for all its leases. The Organization remeasures lease liabilities and related right-of-use assets whenever there is a change to the lease term and/or there is a change in the amount of future lease payments, but only when such modification does not qualify to be accounted for as a separate contract.

The Organization determines an appropriate discount rate to apply when determining the present value of the remaining lease payments for purposes of measuring or remeasuring lease liabilities. As the rate implicit in the lease is generally not readily determinable, the Organization applied the risk-free rate. The Organization uses rates on US government securities for periods comparable with lease terms as risk-free rates.

For accounting purposes, the Organization's leases commence on the earlier of (i) the date upon which the Organization obtains control of the underlying asset and (ii) the contractual effective date of a lease. Lease commencement for most of the Organization's leases coincides with the contractual effective date. The Organization's leases generally have minimum base terms with renewal options or fixed terms with early termination options. Such renewal and early termination options are exercisable at the option of the Organization and, when exercised, usually provide for rental payments during the extension period at then current market rates or at pre-determined rental amounts.

Unless the Organization determines that it is reasonably certain that the term of a lease will be extended, such as through the exercise of a renewal option or nonexercise of an early termination option, the term of a lease begins at lease commencement and spans for the duration of the minimum noncancellable contractual term. When the exercise of a renewal option or nonexercise of an early termination option is reasonably certain, the lease term is measured as ending at the end of the renewal period or on the date an early termination may be exercised.

The Organization elected to utilize the short-term lease exemption for all leases with a term of 12 months or less for both existing and ongoing operating leases to not recognize the asset and liability for these leases. Lease payments for short-term leases are recognized on straight-line basis.

The Organization's leases contain a non-appropriation clause that allows for early termination of the lease if funding from grantors is not appropriated or is otherwise lost. This clause provides financial protection by ensuring that lease obligations are contingent upon continued grant funding.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 and 2023

The following provides information about the Organization's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for its operating and finance leases as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Balance Sheet Classification	June 30, 2024		June 30, 2023		
Right-of-use assets Operating leases Finance leases	Operating lease right-of-use asset Finance lease right-of-use asset	\$	5,124,440 403,375	\$	4,735,550 277,225	
Total leased assets		\$	5,527,815	\$	5,012,775	
Lease liabilities <i>Current</i> Operating leases Finance leases	Current portion of operating lease liability Current portion of finance lease liability	\$	1,018,466 107,612	\$	909,312 63,695	
<i>Noncurrent</i> Operating leases Finance leases Total lease liabilites	Long-term operating lease liability Long-term finance lease liability	\$	4,441,904 279,198 5,847,180	\$	4,048,350 213,530 5,234,887	

The components of lease expense for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	Statement of Functional Expense	Ju	ne 30, 2024	Ju	ne 30, 2023
Operating lease cost Amortization of right-of-use asset	Occupancy and storage	\$	2,217,731	\$	2,596,529
Total operating lease cost		\$	2,217,731	\$	2,596,529
Finance lease cost Amortization expense Interest expense Total finance lease cost	Depreciation and amortization Interest and fees	\$	12,672 	\$ \$	133,819 12,851 146,670

Weighted average remaining lease term and weighted average discount rate for the Organization's leases as of June 30, 2024:

Year Ended June 30, 2024	Operating leases	Finance leases
Weighted average remaining term (in years)	4.90	3.40
Weighted average discount rate	4.10%	2.67%

Weighted average remaining lease term and weighted average discount rate for the Organization's leases as of June 30, 2023:

Year Ended June 30, 2023	Operating leases	Finance leases
Weighted average remaining term (in years)	5.40	3.00
Weighted average discount rate	4.17%	3.69%

#### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 and 2023

Calendar year	Operating leases		Finance leases		 Total
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 Thereafter	\$	818,820 1,406,067 1,295,274 1,147,956 755,900 947,272	\$	87,849 152,394 139,622 91,416 46,379 15,335	\$ 906,669 1,558,461 1,434,896 1,239,372 802,279 962,607
Total Less interest on lease liabilities		6,371,289 (910,919)		532,995 (146,185)	 6,904,284 (1,057,104)
Present value of lease liability Less current portion of lease liabilities		5,460,370 (1,018,466)		386,810 (107,612)	5,847,180 (1,126,078)
Noncurrent portion of lease liabilities	\$	4,441,904	\$	279,198	\$ 4,721,102

Annual maturity analysis of the Organization's lease liabilities as of June 30, 2024:

Total operating lease expense for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$2,217,731 and \$2,596,529, respectively. This amount is included in the occupancy and storage line item on the Statement of Functional Expenses.

# Note 9 - Contingency

NHA is involved in various claims arising from the normal course of operating its programs and activities, none of which in the opinion of management or NHA's legal counsel will have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of NHA.

# Note 10 - Grants and contracts revenues

In the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, NHA recognized grants and contracts revenues from the following sources:

	2024	2023
Head Start program - federal	\$ 101,025,538	\$ 95,105,871
Other federal	6,041,097	4,589,806
State programs	9,920,671	9,256,753
County programs	6,038,826	5,189,519
Total grants and contracts	\$ 123,026,132	\$ 114,141,949

From time to time, government agencies will provide advances of grant money before qualifying expenditures are reported. For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, NHA recognized deferred revenue of \$5,400,990 and \$3,548,932, respectively.

#### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 and 2023

# Note 11 - 401(k) plan

NHA maintains a defined contribution 401(k) plan covering regular full-time employees. NHA's contribution to the 401(k) plan is based upon a maximum of 6% of the salaries of those employees participating in the plan. Employees covered by the plan have an automatic contribution of 3% of their respective gross salaries, and can make additional voluntary contributions not to exceed the IRS statutory limit \$23,000 and \$22,500 for the tax year ending December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Also, employees age 50 or over by the end of the plan year are allowed to make up to \$7,500 of additional contributions to the 401(k) plan, in excess of the standard limits. The 401(k) plan is administered by a private pension company. Employer contributions charged to operations for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 were \$2,153,579 and \$1,844,251, respectively. This amount is included in the fringe benefits line item on the Statement of Functional Expenses.

#### Note 12 - Indirect costs

NHA has negotiated and obtained the following indirect cost rates from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, the federal cognizant agency:

	Provisional 2024	Final 2023
Head Start	10.0%	10.0%
Non-Head Start	10.8%	10.8%
Subawards/delegate agencies	2.0%	2.0%

Indirect costs are charged to the programs in accordance with negotiated rates or specific budgetary limits. The amounts charged for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 were \$8,590,549 and \$8,130,756, respectively.

#### Note 13 - Concentrations of credit risk

Financial instruments, which potentially subject NHA to concentrations of credit risk, consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. NHA maintains its cash and cash equivalents with high-credit quality institutions. At times, such amounts may exceed federally insured limits. However, to minimize risk, the funds are diversified among various financial institutions.

The federal Head Start program totaling \$101,025,538 and \$95,105,871 represents 82% and 83% of total grant revenues as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Included in grants and contracts receivable at June 30, 2024 and 2023 is \$4,246,532 and \$8,833,315, respectively, related to this contract which represents 46% and 71% of total grants and contracts receivable, respectively.

#### Note 14 - Union contract

Most nonmanagement personnel (representing 55% of total employees) of NHA are members of the Service Employees International Union, Local #221. NHA's contract with the union was in effect through June 30, 2024, and continues to be in effect from year to year thereafter, unless either party terminates the contract. NHA's other employees are not represented by a union.

# Note 15 - Fair value measurements

NHA values its financial assets and liabilities based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In order to increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements, a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes observable and unobservable inputs is used to measure fair value into three broad levels, which are described below:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs.
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in inactive markets or model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable or can be derived principally from or corroborated with observable market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs are used when little or no market data is available. The fair value hierarchy gives the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs.

In determining fair value, NHA utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs to the extent possible as well as considers counterparty credit risk in its assessment of fair value.

Financial assets carried at fair value at June 30, 2024 are classified in the table below in one of the three categories described above:

	 Level 1		Level 2	Level 3		Total	
Equity securities	\$ 590,657	\$	-	\$		\$	590,657
Total assets at fair value	\$ 590,657	\$	-	\$	-	\$	590,657

Financial assets carried at fair value at June 30, 2023 are classified in the table below in one of the three categories described above:

	 Level 1	L	evel 2	Le	evel 3	 Total
Equity securities	\$ 496,611	\$		\$	-	\$ 496,611
Total assets at fair value	\$ 496,611	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 496,611

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Investments in equity securities are valued using market prices on active markets ("Level 1"). Level 1 instrument valuations are obtained from real-time quotes for transactions in active exchange markets involving identical assets.

The preceding methods may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although management believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

# Note 16 - Subcontracts expense

Subcontracts expense for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 included the following:

	2024		2023	
Subawards/delegate agencies Contracted child care	\$	38,719,743 2,126,663	\$	39,699,758 2,232,444
Total	\$	40,846,406	\$	41,932,202

#### Note 17 - Subsequent events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 14, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Supplementary Information

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Expenditures		
Federal grantor / pass-through grantor / program title or cluster	Federal/ state assistance listing number	Pass-through entity identifying number	Passed through to subrecipients	Federal	State	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Head Start Program 09CH012267-0-02 Head Start Program 09CH01058705 Head Start Program 09CH01058705C3	93.600 93.600 93.600		\$ 38,367,230 - 352,513	\$ 95,227,642 2,614,243 3,183,653	\$-	
Total Head Start Cluster	33.000		38,719,743	101,025,538		
Passed through from the County of San Diego:						
HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants (Coordinate Svc) (1) HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants (Coordinate Svc) (2)	93.914 93.914	559324 559324	-	551,722 149,045		
Total HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants				700,767		
Passed through from the California State Department of Social Services: Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) Cluster: Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the CCDF	93.596	CCTR-3254		329,816	_	
Total Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the CCDF	00.000	001110201		329,816		
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	CCTR-3254		151,614		
	93.373	00111-3234				
Total for Child Care and Development Block Grant				151,614		
Total CCDF Cluster				481,430		
Passed through from the County of San Diego: Medicaid Cluster:						
Medical Assistance Program Medical Assistance Program	93.778 93.778	569391 567868	-	449,783 2,817,979	-	
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	565526		314,281		
Total Medicaid Cluster				3,582,043		
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994	569391		85,930		
Total Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States				85,930		
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			38,719,743	105,875,708		
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through from the California State Department of Education: Child and Adult Care Food Program:						
Child Care Centers Adult Day Care Centers	10.558 10.558	04500-CACFP-37-NP-CS 04500-CACFP-37-NP-CS	-	1,181,845 9,082	-	
Total Child and Adult Care Food Program and U.S. Department of Agriculture				1,190,927		
Passed through from the California State Department of Social Services: Child Development Program		CCTR-3254	-		2,794,956	
Passed through from the California State Department of Education: Child Development Program		CSPP-3471			7,125,715	
Total for Child Development Program					9,920,671	
Total Expenditures of Federal and State Awards			\$ 38,719,743	\$ 107,066,635	\$ 9,920,671	

Notes: <sup>(1)</sup> Program year Expenses - July 2023 - February 2024. Contract Award March 2024 - Feb 2025

<sup>(2)</sup> Program year Expenses - March 2023 - June 2024. Contract Award March 2024 - Feb 2025

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards.

### Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 - Basis of presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal and state grant activity of NHA under programs of the federal and state governments for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of* Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles,* and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the "Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of NHA, it is not intended to, and does not present, the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of NHA.

#### Note 2 - Summary of significant accounting policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### Note 3 - Disclosure of audit fees

In accordance with the audit disclosure requirements of the State of California, Department of Education, the audit contract for NHA for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 included an audit fee of approximately \$177,625.

#### Note 4 - Indirect cost rate

NHA has been assigned an indirect cost rate of 10.0% for the Head Start program and 10.8% for Non-Head Start programs by its cognizant agency. Delegate agencies have been assigned an indirect cost rate of 2.0% by NHA's cognizant agency.

#### Note 5 - Noncash assistance

In accordance with matching requirements for the Head Start program, the value of noncash assistance (in-kind donations) was \$0 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.



# Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

#### To the Audit Committee Neighborhood House Association

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Neighborhood House Association ("NHA"), a nonprofit organization, which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2024, and the related statements of activities, cash flows, and functional expenses for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 14, 2024.

# Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered NHA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of NHA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of NHA's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

# Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether NHA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the NHA's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the NHA's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CohnReynickLLP

San Diego, California November 14, 2024

CohnReznick LLP cohnreznick.com



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Audit Committee Neighborhood House Association

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Neighborhood House Association's ("NHA") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of NHA's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. NHA's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, NHA complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of NHA and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of NHA's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to NHA's federal programs.



# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on NHA's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about NHA's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on
  a test basis, evidence regarding NHA's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to
  above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of NHA's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of NHA's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters. *Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on NHA's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. NHA's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with



a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CohnReznickLLP

San Diego, California November 14, 2024

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2024

# Part I - Summary of Auditor's Results

# Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:		unm	<u>odified</u>	
Internal control over financia Material weaknesses ider		ye	es <u>X</u>	no
Significant deficiencies ide	entified?	ye	es <u>X</u>	none reported
Noncompliance material t	o financial statements noted?	ye	es <u>X</u>	no
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major p Material weaknesses ider		ye	es <u>X</u>	no
Significant deficiencies ide	entified?	ye	es <u>X</u>	none reported
Type of auditor's report issue for major programs:	ed on compliance	<u>unm</u>	odified	
Any audit findings disclosed reported in accordance wi		<u>X y</u> e	es	no
Identification of the major pro	ograms tested:			
Assistance Listing Number	Name of Federal Program or Clust	ter		
93.600	United States Department of Health and Human Services: Heac	l Start Clust	er	
93.778	United States Department of Health and Human Services: Medi	caid Cluster		
Dollar threshold used to disti type A and type B program		\$3,0	00,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk	auditee?	<u> </u>	es	no

### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2024

# Part II - Financial Statement Findings Section

None noted.

# Part III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs Section

# Finding 2024-001 - Reporting

Name of Federal Agency: United States Department of Health and Human Services Federal Program Name: Head Start Cluster Assistance Listing Number: 93.600 Federal Award Identification Number and Year: 09CH012267-0-02, 7/1/2023 - 6/30/2024

#### <u>Criteria</u>

Under the requirements of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act ("FFATA") that are codified in 2 CFR Part 170, recipients (i.e., direct recipients) of grants or cooperative agreements are required to identify awards subject to FFATA, collect and report information on each first tier subaward or amendment of \$30,000 or more in federal funds in the FFATA Subaward Reporting System.

# **Condition**

During our testing of FFATA reporting requirements we noted for 2 subrecipients tested the Organization did not perform the mandatory FFATA reporting requirements.

Transactions Tested	Subaward not reported	Report not timely	Subaward amount incorrect	Subaward missing key elements
2	0	2	2	0
Dollar Amount of Tested	Subaward not reported	Report not timely	Subaward amount	Subaward missing key
Transactions			incorrect	elements
\$33,983,683	\$0	\$4,383,546	\$4,383,546	0

# <u>Cause</u>

The Organization did not have adequate policies, procedures, and controls in place to ensure compliance with the requirements regarding FFATA reporting.

#### Effect or Potential Effect

Failure to comply with the reporting requirements of the Uniform Guidance could result in noncompliance with laws and regulations.

#### **Questioned Costs**

None.

# <u>Context</u>

See the context of the finding detailed in the condition section above.

#### Identification as a Repeat Finding

This finding is not a repeat finding.

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2024

# **Recommendation**

We recommend that the Organization establish policies, procedures, and controls to ensure that the required information is reported in the FFATA Subaward Reporting System on a timely basis.

# Views of Responsible Officials

Management reviewed the FFATA requirements and believes it has filed all award documentation to the FFATA in the appropriate amount of time. However, when submitting to the FSRS system no system generated email is issued showing that the filing was made on time and no screenshot was taken of the filing to substantiate the timely filing of the report to the auditors. Going forward the Organization will screenshot the submission to provide physical evidence to the auditors of the timely filing.



Independent Member of Nexia International cohnreznick.com